

MIDDLETOWN DAILY ARGUS.

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THE CUBAN QUESTION

Discussion in the Senate Became Very Spirited at Times.

ADMINISTRATIONS ARE COMPARED.

Senator Gallinger Introduces Various Amendments to the Tariff Bill Increasing the Rates on Certain Articles—Nominations Confirmed.

Washington, May 12.—The Cuban question occupied the entire attention of the senate, the debate taking a wide range and at times becoming spirited when comparisons were made between the attitude of the former administration and the present one on the subject of Cuba. Senators Morrill of Vermont and Caffery of Louisiana spoke in opposition to the resolution, Senators Lodge of Massachusetts and Foraker of Ohio advocated deferring the question until further information could be secured from the state department, and Senators Mills of Texas and Allen of Nebraska urged the immediate passage of the resolutions.

The debate went over. Senator Kyle (Pop.) of South Dakota, rising to a question of privilege, disclaimed having sought committee places from Republican senators. A partial conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was agreed to.

Senator Warren introduced a bill granting land to the states west of the one hundredth meridian for normal school purposes. The bill grants 100,000 acres for each senator and member from the states affected by it.

Some Tariff Amendments.

Senator Gallinger introduced amendments to the amendments suggested by the senate committee on finance to the tariff bill increasing rates as follows: Chloride of lime or bleaching powder from one-fourth to one-half cent per pound; dressed building stone from 50 to 60 per cent ad valorem; surface coated papers from 2 1/2 cents per pound and 15 per cent ad valorem to 5 cents per pound; surface coated papers, printed, from 3 cents per pound and 20 per cent ad valorem to 5 cents per pound and 20 per cent ad valorem; Portland cement in packages from 5 to 12 1/2 cents per 100 pounds and in bulk from 7 to 10 cents per 100 pounds.

In executive session the senate confirmed the following nominations:

Stanford Newell of Minnesota to be minister to The Netherlands; Edward G. Bradford, United States district judge of the district of Delaware; George Moulton, Jr., collector of customs of the district of Bath, Me.; Henry A. Castle of Minnesota, auditor for the postoffice department; Samuel E. Grubbs of New York, assistant surgeon in the marine hospital service.

Sundry Civil Bill Passed.

The consideration of the senate amendments to the sundry civil appropriation bill was finished by the house and the bill sent to a conference. President Cleveland's forest reservation order was the subject of much debate, and the house voted not to concur in the senate amendment that the conferees should arrange in amendment which would have the same effect.

The most interesting debate was on the appropriation of \$50,000 to improve Pearl harbor, in the Hawaiian Islands, which was rejected by a vote of 53 to 33. Mr. Hitt of Illinois, past and prospective chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, earnestly urged the importance of taking steps to confirm the title of this government to the harbor in view of the senate proposal to appropriate the Hawaiian Islands.

He was supported by Messrs. Cummings of New York, Henry of Connecticut, Parker of New Jersey and Simpson of Kansas and opposed by Messrs. Cannon of Illinois, Sayers of Texas, Hilborn of California and Walker of Massachusetts.

The house decided to concur in the amendment which gives the president power to appoint the 12 mineral land commissioners, thus taking them out of the classified service, and the provisions for four new commissioners and four deputy marshals for Alaska and for continuing the investigation of the seal fisheries.

Cuban Correspondence Sent to Senate.

Washington, May 12.—The president has sent to the senate a report by the secretary of state containing the state department's translation of the Cuban army to President McKinley in February last and to President McKinley in March, appealing for the sympathy and support of this country. The letters are the same which were published six weeks or two months ago, differing only on account of the fact that the translations were evidently made by different persons.

In the same communication the secretary takes up the report that Cuban authorities have refused to permit the consul of the United States at Sagua La Grande to communicate with Consul General Lee at Havana by means of cipher dispatches.

He says the consul did receive such prohibition from the mayor of Sagua La Grande, but that the mayor was promptly reprimanded, upon a protest by General Lee, by the governor general. A copy of the governor general's letter is transmitted. He says the mayor misinterpreted his instructions not to allow personal cipher dispatches to be sent without seeing the code used, but that in order to avoid a repetition of such acts he has ordered that "the mayor be severely reprimanded and that the governors and mayors be hereafter instructed not to obstruct official telegrams addressed to United States commercial agents or consuls in this island and their superiors or inferiors."

The secretary says this terminated the incident and that since this occur-

rence neither the department nor the United States consuls in Cuba have experienced any difficulty in the matter of telegraphic correspondence.

ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

A Condemned Prisoner Jumps From a Train on His Way to Jail.

Baltimore, May 12.—John A. Coler of Glencoe, Pa., under sentence to serve 15 years in the Maryland penitentiary for forging Union Pacific bonds, made a desperate and probably successful attempt to commit suicide by jumping from an express train on the Baltimore and Ohio railway while the train was going at full speed.

Coler was sentenced in Cumberland, Md., and almost immediately after took poison in the jail, but was pumped out and a deputy sheriff started to bring him to Baltimore. He was handcuffed to the deputy, but made an excuse to leave his seat, and upon returning struck his captor a terrific blow with his manacled hands and before he could be stopped sprang through a window.

He turned half a dozen somersaults as he fell. The train was stopped, and the conductor and deputy sheriff found him lying by the track unconscious. The physicians at Maryland General hospital say he sustained injuries which will probably prove fatal. He had previously served nine years in another state for forgery.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Scores of the Baseball Games.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland 0 0 3 0 2 0 2 0 — 7
Brooklyn 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 0
Cleveland—Hits, 12; errors, 1. Brooklyn—Hits, 3; errors, 1.
At Washington—
Washington 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 — 2
Baltimore 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 — 6
Washington—Hits, 7; errors, 5. Baltimore—Hits, 10; errors, 3.
At Pittsburgh—
Pittsburgh 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 0
Boston 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 — 2
Pittsburgh—Hits, 7; errors, 2. Boston—Hits, 4; errors, 0.
At Chicago—
Chicago 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 — 5
Cincinnati 1 0 2 0 1 1 0 1 — 6
Chicago—Hits, 8; errors, 3. Cincinnati—Hits, 11; errors, 3.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

A. W. Tourgee was nominated consul at Bordeaux.

Senator Quay signed a petition for Chapman's pardon.

The insurrection in Honduras is ended, and the country is again peaceful.

Kaiser Wilhelm sent \$2,000 to the Paris charity committee, crippled by the bazaar fire.

The fourth annual convention of the National Association of Chiefs of Police is being held in Pittsburgh.

Baron Reedtz Thott, prime minister and minister of foreign affairs of Denmark, tendered his resignation to King Oscar.

It is said at Chicago that Brigadier General Brooks, in command there, will command the army in General Miles' absence.

The sale of the Atlantic and Pacific to the Santa Fe company has been confirmed by Judge Ross in the United States district court at Los Angeles upon application of Chairman Walker of the reorganization committee.

Floyd Chilton and Bud Casbier, two young men of Dickinson county, Va., fought a battle with their fists on the top of Cumberland mountains. Chilton died in a few hours, and Casbier was dying when last heard from.

Crew of a Schooner Saved.

New York, May 12.—The schooner Thomas N. Stone of Boston, Captain Newcomb, left Philadelphia on April 26 for Kingston, Jamaica, laden with coal. At 6 p. m. on May 1 the vessel was found to be leaking badly. Pumps were started and all efforts made to locate and stop the leak, but to no avail. At 10 p. m. of the same day, with eight feet of water in the hold and gaining fast, Captain Newcomb and his crew of six men took to the boat. For four days they were adrift in the boat, but suffered no hardships. On May 5 the British bark Africa, Captain Davidson, from Montevideo for New York, picked them up and brought them to this port.

Youthful Culprit Pleads Guilty.

Exeter, N. H., May 12.—Frank Wentworth, the 17-year-old lad who attempted to poison his parents with Paris green at Newton and who was indicted by the grand jury, was brought into court and retracted his former plea of not guilty. He was sentenced to be confined in the State Industrial school until he is 21 years of age.

Fell From a Window.

Rochester, May 12.—Herman M. Shaffer, who was a professor in the Theological seminary, was accidentally killed by falling out of a window at his home. The deceased leaves a son in Milwaukee and a daughter in Chicago.

Burglars at Kingston.

Kingston, N. Y., May 12.—Burglars made a raid of considerable importance here. Several private dwellings were broken into in the upper part of the town. Valuable articles and heirlooms were stolen. No clue to the thieves has been discovered.

Work of the Fish Commission.

Saratoga, May 12.—Captain Thomas Pierce of the United States fish commission, Cape Vincent, placed in the waters of the upper Hudson river 400,000 salmon fry.

New National Bank Organized.

Washington, May 12.—Authority has been granted for the organization of the Merchants' National bank of Kittanning, Pa.; capital, \$50,000.

CUBANS VICTORIOUS.

Jail Attacked in Havana Province and Prisoners Liberated.

A BATTLE NEAR PINAR DEL RIO.

The Spanish Cavalry Are Attacked by the Insurgents and After a Severe Engagement Escape With a Heavy Loss. General Weyler's Close Call.

Havana, May 12.—A raid was made on Casqua, in Havana province, on Friday, and the jail was broken open. Fifteen prisoners who had been kept there a long while were liberated. There were seven women and eight men. Among the men were two insurgent officers who had been sentenced to be shot on Saturday.

At the jail the insurgents found a little boy aged 7 years who had been imprisoned over six months in the vile place simply because he had worn a Cuban flag on his shirt waist one day. The boy was emaciated and could hardly stand when taken out.

A letter has been received here from General Ducassa. He reports that on the outskirts of Pinar del Rio City he encountered a large force of Spanish cavalry, and a running fight of several hours' duration ensued. The Spanish force retreated toward the forts. A part of Ducassa's force got between them and the forts, and a most determined fight followed. The Spanish cavalry charged again and again upon the insurgents, but they were well posted, and the Spanish could not make any headway. The Spanish were cooped up in a depression between hills and were exposed to a most galling fire from the insurgents.

Spaniards Sent to the Rescue.

The firing attracted the attention of Pinar del Rio city, and 500 Spanish were sent to the rescue. These attacked the smallest band of insurgents and opened a way for the imperiled Spanish to escape. Notwithstanding the Spanish forces greatly outnumbered the Cubans, they did not offer to renew the fight, but retreated in hot haste. It is said that their loss was 100 or more. Large quantities of arms and 65 dead bodies were found on the field.

General Weyler is reported to have had a narrow escape in the western part of the island recently. When leaving San Juan with a smaller escort than usual, a Cuban squadron of cavalry attacked them, and nothing but fleet horses saved them. It is said that Weyler had a half hour's ride for life, and that he was very much chagrined at this incident after his reports of pacification in that part of the island.

Insurgents Growing in Numbers.

Washington, May 12.—The state department is in receipt of a report from Consul General Lee, dated the latter part of April, in which he deals with the general situation in Cuba and presents all the facts at his command without making any recommendations as to the policy to be pursued by this government. In this report General Lee states that the insurgents are not decreasing in numbers, but that, according to the most trustworthy information at hand and to all appearances, there are more of them now than when he went to the island.

He explains the apparent want of organization by the statement that it is against the Cuban policy to conduct the war after the accepted modern ideas on this point.

The Cubans believe they can be most effective by pursuing their present method. General Lee also dwells upon the condition of affairs in the island.

Defective Work on the Canal.

Lockport, N. Y., May 12.—An examination of the recently constructed and defective sluiceway by a professional diver engaged by E. H. Bennett, the contractor, shows that the huge timbers have been sprung so badly as to render them useless and to be removed in order to permit the use of both sets of locks. The diver at 1 o'clock began the work of sawing the immense timbers under water. As matters now stand, preparatory work on the new lift locks will be delayed until navigation closes.

Distillery Sold.

Chicago, May 12.—In accordance with the orders of the court, Receiver John McNulta of the Distilling and Cattle Feeding company has sold the Calumet distillery, part of the assets of the old Whiskey trust. The price paid for the plant is \$250,000, for which sum it was knocked down to Levy Mayer, who represents as attorney the reorganization of the trust. The only other bidder was Attorney A. A. Canavan, who represented several brewing interests in the city.

Meeting of Electricians.

Schenectady, N. Y., May 12.—The annual meeting of the General Electric company was held in this city. About 210,000 shares were represented either in person or by proxy. The old board of directors was re-elected. The board of directors will hold their next meeting the second Monday in June.

The Rothschilds the Donors.

London, May 12.—The Paris correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that the anonymous subscription of 1,000,000 francs to the charity bazaar fund is now known to be the collective donations of members of the Rothschild family.

Leak in the Erie Canal.

Amsterdam, N. Y., May 12.—There is a big leak in the Erie canal in this city, and the water has been drawn from the level. Several hundred yards of earth have been carried off into the Mohawk river. Navigation will be interrupted for a time.

GREECE SURRENDERS.

Formally Accepts the Scheme of the Powers for Mediation.

TURKEY ASKED FOR AN ARMISTICE.

Constantine's Brave Talk to His Defeated and Crestfallen Soldiers—The Porte Denies the Rumors of a Holy War.

Athens, May 12.—The note of the powers has been presented by M. Onou to M. Skoloudis. The following is the text of the document:

"The representatives of France, Italy, Great Britain, Germany and Austria charge M. Onou, the representative of Russia and the doyen of the diplomatic corps, to declare in the name of their respective governments that the powers are ready to offer mediation with the view to obtaining an armistice and smooth the difficulties actually existing between Greece and Turkey on condition that the Hellenic government declares it will proceed to recall its troops from Crete, adhere formally to autonomy for Crete and accept unreservedly the counsels which the powers give in the interests of peace."

The reply of the Greek government was as follows:

"The royal government, in taking the note and declaration of the Russian representative, acting in the name of the ministers of the powers, declares it will proceed to recall the royal troops from Crete, adheres formally to autonomy for Crete and confides the interests of Greece to the hands of the powers."

So soon as the reply of Greece to the note of the powers was handed to the representatives of the powers the latter telegraphed the Greek decision to the representatives of the powers at Constantinople, with the request that they obtain an armistice, with the view of arranging for permanent peace.

There is a sense of relief in Athens at the prospect of an immediate end to the calamitous war. There is no excitement, and no popular demonstration is anticipated.

Constantine's Brave Talk.

Crown Prince Constantine issued the following address to the troops at Domokos: "Soldiers—The Greek army retired to Domokos because our positions at Pharsala were not strong enough against an enemy greatly superior in numbers, but the positions you occupy here are so strong that our army may be considered invincible. I am confident you will be able not only to repulse with success every attack of the enemy, but you will shortly be able to take the offensive and compel him to abandon Greek territory."

"Remember, you defend the sacred soil of the fatherland and the honor of the king and nation. The enemy must not be allowed to make a farther step into Greece. I know you have suffered and are still suffering many privations after having been obliged to fight so many days, but we must endure these privations patiently, confident that we are doing our duty to our fatherland."

"CONSTANTINE."

The Greek commissariat has collapsed.

The only rations now received by the soldiers are bread and cheese. Not even coffee is procurable.

Outrages Committed by Turks.

London, May 12.—The Athens correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says: "M. Ralli, the premier, has shown me dispatches and reports from Colonel Manos and various civil authorities in Epirus showing that 14 villages have been burned by the Turks after all the women and children had been massacred except a few who hid in the fastnesses of Mount Zalongas, famous during the war of independence, and a few more who concealed themselves in the marshes along the shore and finally managed to get on board the Greek ships, half dead from hunger and fear."

"Not a stone of the village of Karamina is left standing. The men fought like lions in defense of the women, who sought refuge in the woods and caves of Mount Zalongas, and when chased by the Turks jumped from precipices to avoid capture and dishonor."

Turkey's Terrible Warning.

Arta, May 12.—It is reported that the Turks have severed the arms and legs of all the Greeks found in a village on the plain of Louros and left the mutilated bodies by the roadside to terrorize the population.

The Greek western squadron has bombarded the village of Sykia, on the coast of Epirus, between Nicopolis and Elia, where the Turkish provision depots are located.

Porte Denies Holy War Rumor.

Constantinople, May 12.—The porte has given a positive official denial to the statement that the sheik ul Islam has issued a circular to the imams in Constantinople and the provinces forbidding a holy war and to the report that the sacred edict was already being prepared.

Was Duc d'Aumale Married?

London, May 12.—According to a dispatch from Paris to the Daily Chronicle, the question whether the late Duc d'Aumale was ever secretly married is rendered more delicate and complex by the fact that there is a lady residing on the Chantilly domain who has always been admitted into the inner family circle. She often shared in the literary work of the late duc, who, it is believed, married her privately at Rome.

Special Excise Agents Appointed.

Albany, May 12.—Excise Commissioner Lyman has appointed from the civil service eligible list as special agents Edward McLeer, a veteran of Brooklyn, and George D. Chichester of Poughkeepsie.

SURVIVORS LANDED.

A Schooner Saves Thirty-two Men From a Wrecked Bark.

St. Johns, N. F., May 12.—The French fishing schooner St. Clair arrived at St. Pierre, bringing 32 men, comprising the crew of the French bark St. Jean, Captain Millard, from Focamp, which collided on the Grand banks on May 8 with the Norwegian bark Loining, a vessel of 1,800 tons, during a dense fog. The St. Jean leaked so badly that the crew took to the dories, and the vessel sank four hours after. The St. Clair picked the crew up the next morning.

The Norwegian vessel was even more damaged than the St. Jean, and it is feared that she sank shortly after the accident. It is not known whether the crew escaped. She drifted away in the fog, and when the weather cleared the next morning neither the vessel nor any of her boats could be sighted.

PENSION FRAUDS.

Imprisoned For Impersonating a Special Examiner of the Bureau.

Washington, May 12.—The pension bureau has been notified that James H. Ferguson, an alleged imposter, impersonating a special examiner of the bureau, pleaded guilty at Portsmouth, N. H., of violating the act of April 18, 1884, and was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment in the penitentiary. The action is a source of much congratulation to the pension authorities.

Ferguson is alleged to have operated in the states of Ohio, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and New Hampshire, pretending to appoint agents or inspectors at a salary of \$60 per month and expenses, first obtaining \$10 dollars from each dupe on the plea that it was security for handcuffs and revolver.

Indians Present Large Claims.

Providence, May 12.—The Narragansett tribe of Indians, which is engaged in pressing its claim for \$14,000,000 against the state of Rhode Island, filed its question of rights with the clerk of its judiciary committee of the senate, and the document will at once be submitted to the supreme court. The Indians dispute the authority of the state to pass laws taking the property of the Indians and validating all titles to land that had been purchased by private individuals from the last King Ninigret. The case is an important one as it involves the titles to the bulk of the property in the southern part of the state.

Mrs. Acklan Gets a Divorce.

Dover, Del., May 12.—The bill to divorce Mrs. Laura Crocker Acklan of Cleveland, daughter of ex-Judge Crocker, the Cleveland millionaire, from William H. Acklan of Washington, has passed the senate. There has been considerable controversy over the case, growing out of the numerous charges of bribery and corruption Mr. and Mrs. Acklan were married last June. After the marriage they went to Europe and soon afterward separated. Mrs. Acklan came here last March and took up her residence in order to apply to the legislature for a divorce. Cruel treatment was the basis for the suit.

Georgia Savings Bank Reorganized.

Atlanta, May 12.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Georgia Loan Savings bank, of which institution the cashier, H. A. Cassin, was recently found to be short \$45,000, a new board of directors was elected. It was decided to resist the application for a receiver, as the report of the committee of stockholders, which has been investigating the assets, showed that the bank has ample funds to pay all creditors. A statement from ex-cashier Cassin was read at the meeting. He denied that he had been guilty of any criminality.

Meeting of Engineers.

Boston, May 12.—The American Order of Stationary Engineers met in annual session here with 40 delegates, representing the principal branches in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Wisconsin, Nebraska, Indiana and Massachusetts. Supreme Chief James Lightfoot presided. The early business included reports from Supreme Chief Lightfoot, Supreme Secretary Franklin R. Moore and Supreme Treasurer George Richardson. There are at present 2,500 members, and the finances are in a sound condition.

England May Buy Wagons Here.

New York, May 12.—There is no truth in the report published that the British government had ordered 20,000 transport mule wagons from a Cortland (N. Y.) firm for use in South Africa. The facts of the case are that a Cortland wagon company received a cablegram from the British government merely asking for samples of various wagons, which will be shipped at once. If these are satisfactory, a large order will probably be received for wagons for government use in India.

Part of the Cargo May Be Saved.

Beach Haven, N. J., May 12.—Captain F. R. Sharp, foreman of the Merritt & Chapman Derrick and Wrecking company, and Captain A. Doane, the representative of the owners of the burned ship Francis, visited the wreck. Captain Sharp stated that the cargo between decks is a total loss, but he believes, with the aid of divers, the cargo below can be saved. Large quantities of California cider have washed out and come ashore.

Yvette Guilbert to Wed.

London, May 12.—A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Paris says that Mile. Yvette Guilbert, the celebrated cafe chantant singer, will be married this evening to Dr. Max Schiller.

Jersey to Own Turnpikes.

Trenton, May 12.—Governor Griggs signed the bill providing for the purchase of turnpikes under the state and road law.

IMPORTANT LAW CASE.

Decision in a Suit Concerning Very Valuable Land.

MINNESOTA CITIES ARE INVOLVED.

The Property Was Bought When the Sites Were in the Wilderness, but Now Are Parts of Great Towns.

Albany, May 12.—The New York state court of appeals has just decided a case of great importance not only to the litigants in this state, but to Minneapolis and St. Paul. The case decided was that of Hannah Niedlinger et al. versus Mayer A. Bernheimer et al., executors of Isaac Bernheimer, deceased, respondents, and Augusta Niedlinger et al., appellants, in which the latter tried to set aside a sale of land upon which the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis now stand to the respondents. The court refuses to do this, and the sale stands.

The story of the case runs back for 50 years. In 1835 the firm of Bernheimer Bros., New York merchants, consisting of three members; the firm of Arnold, Nussbaum & Niedlinger merchants of Philadelphia, in which firm Jacob Niedlinger had a one-third interest, and one Mayer Arnold of Philadelphia entered into an agreement to purchase an immense tract of land in Minnesota, at that date a comparative wilderness. The cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis stand on a portion of this original purchase. In all divisions the profits were to be on a one-third basis. In 1839 the parties resolved that on a portion of the land purchased they would lay out a town to be called Chicago City. In this enterprise Bernheimer Bros. were to have three-sevenths, Arnold, Nussbaum & Niedlinger the same and Mayer Arnold one-seventh.

Money Spent on the Property.

In pursuance of this plan large amounts of money were expended in the purchase of lands and the development of Chicago City. Bernheimer at all times controlled the enterprise, but the other parties furnished the money. The sum contributed by Isaac Niedlinger, with the interest to Dec. 31, 1883, amounted to \$52,072, and a small portion of the land was sold to the St. Paul Improvement company for \$48,000.

During the early years of the enterprise the various parties contributed large sums of money toward perfecting and placing it upon a paying basis. In June, 1887, Jacob Niedlinger sold his one-ninth interest in the Minnesota purchase to Isaac Bernheimer for \$9,000. Niedlinger's death occurred the following August. One-half of this, or a one-eighth interest in the property, has been recovered by the heirs of Jacob Niedlinger.

The last suit was to set aside the sale of the one-ninth interest on the ground that the sale was made by the deceased without sufficient knowledge of the value or location of the lands, and that his position was taken advantage of by the purchaser, who was thoroughly aware of the great bargains he was securing. Another significant feature of the controversy is that when the action was begun, in 1893, the property was far less valuable than now, and Bernheimer was willing to account to the heirs of Frederick Niedlinger for the gains of the property held in trust.

The decision of the referee on the first trial in this action was made in 1888. Since then the land has wonderfully increased in value, many of St. Paul's business blocks being erected upon it, and Bernheimer claiming to hold the land as his own. The court decides against Niedlinger and in favor of the heirs of Bernheimer.

Inheritance Law Tax.

Springfield, Ill., May 12.—The Illinois supreme court decided the inheritance tax law, passed by the state legislature two years ago, to be constitutional, reversing the decision of the lower court. The law provides for a graduated tax on all inheritances of a value of over \$4,000, and a test case was made on the estate of the late John B. Drake, formerly proprietor of the old Grand Pacific hotel, who left property estimated at \$2,000,000. The case will probably be carried to the federal supreme court.

Found Dead in His Berth.

Kingston, N. Y., May 12.—John Kleeman, a resident of this city, was found dead in his berth on the steamer James IV. Baldwin, having taken passage from New York. He left here by the same boat Sunday night. He acted strangely and would not go to bed. He said he could not rest. He was found distributing money carelessly on the street, having been given \$60 by his brother when he left home. He lost his wife recently and had sustained considerable trouble. He leaves six children.

Sensors to Visit Jefferson's Home.

Washington, May 12.—The members of the senate are arranging an excursion to Monticello, Jefferson's old home, to take place Friday or Saturday next. The idea originated with Senator Hoar, who has seen a large number of the senators. He says most of them have expressed a desire to attend. They will be provided with a special train.

Arrested For Marrying a White Girl.

Nyack, N. Y., May 12.—The Rockland county grand jury has indicted Prince Hankerson, a colored man of this city, for abduction. Hankerson married Hattie Matthews, a white girl under 18 years. He is now in jail.

Diseased Cattle Discovered.

Montreal, May 12.—Sixteen cases of cattle with lunger have been discovered in the abattoir here. The animals are from ranches in the northwest.

Wherever the pain is, there apply an

Allcock's Porous Plaster

whether in the chest, back, limbs, or stomach. Make sure you get Allcock's. Do not be persuaded to accept a substitute.

Imperial Lawn Mowers.

THE BEST MOWER MADE—EASIEST RUNNING, LIGHTEST DRAFT

Call and Examine Before Buying.

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s the finest production in the stove line ever offered to the public. Extra large high ovens, movable grate bars and the prices, they will surprise you. Over 1,400 sold by us in this city and vicinity.

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We have a large stock of one of the largest manufacturers in this line. The new styles of the latest styles and newest materials. The prices will defy competition. As a teacher in the school, we will sell a new style, full three yard wide Wrapper for 48c and all other goods in proportion. Remember, ladies, all our goods are well made and will stand examination.

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L. G. WILSON.**J. D. WOOD**

IN Pursuance of an order of the Surrogate of the county of Orange, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against the estate of William N. White, late of the town of Wallkill, in said county, deceased, that they are required to present the same, with the proper vouchers therefor, to the undersigned, the administrator of said estate, at his place of residence, in the town of Wallkill, on or before the 15th day of September next.

Dated March 1st, 1897.
HENRY W. WIGGINS, Counselor at Law
Middletown, N.Y. at 100

IN Pursuance of an order of the Surrogate of the county of Orange, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against the estate of John B. Chittenden, late of the town of Wallkill, in said county, deceased, that they are required to present the same, with the proper vouchers therefor, to the undersigned, the administrator of said estate, at his place of residence, in the town of Wallkill, on or before the 15th day of July next.

Dated January 1st, 1897.
WARREN CHITTENDEN, Administrator
at 100

IN Pursuance of an order of the Surrogate of the county of Orange, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against the estate of James W. Wood, late of the town of Wallkill, in said county, deceased, that they are required to present the same, with the proper vouchers therefor, to the undersigned, the administrator of said estate, at his place of residence, in the town of Wallkill, on or before the 15th day of August next.

Dated Feb. 1st, 1897.
T. S. HULSE, Attorney for Admin. at 100

IN Pursuance of an order of the Surrogate of the county of Orange, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against the estate of Isaac W. Wood, late of the town of Wallkill, in said county, deceased, that they are required to present the same, with the proper vouchers therefor, to the undersigned, the administrator of said estate, at his place of residence, in the town of Wallkill, on or before the 15th day of September next.

Dated March 1st, 1897.
HENRY T. THILL, Executor
T. S. HULSE, Attorney for Executor at 100

BRING YOUR

JOB PRINTING!-TO THE-
Argus and Mercury Office.

We can print your Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Business Cards, Visiting Cards, Posters, in fact anything you may need, at the very lowest prices. Good work and good material.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Fine Wedding and other invitations, and Ball Programmes a specialty. Complete stock of all the latest designs.

EDHEM PASHA'S HISTORY.

The Turkish Commander Is of Christian Parentage.

But, Like Most Renegades, He Has Degenerated Into a Vindictive Mussulman—His Brother a Catholic Priest.

Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander, has an interesting history. He is not only of Greek origin, but also of Christian parentage, though now he is an enthusiastic and fanatic Mohammedan and loyal subject of the present sultan.

He was born on the beautiful island of Chio, in the Egean sea. This island was famous in ancient history, and is said to have been the birthplace of Homer. It is seven miles from the coast of Asia Minor and is situated in the Gulf of Smyrna. It is known for its products, wine, mild climate and natural beauty.

For centuries Chio has been under Turkish rule, although a large part of its population is of Greek descent. In the many wars and insurrections for Grecian liberty the people of this island have always borne the brunt of Turkish cruelty and tyranny. This was especially true in 1822, when the Greeks began a long struggle for freedom. Edhem Pasha was then a small child. The inhabitants of Chio did not participate in the insurrections which occurred in that year, but were following their usual occupations. A body of revolutionists came from the island of Samos and landed in Chio. They endeavored to excite the inhabitants to revolt, but met with no success. The Chioes answered that it would be foolish for them to revolt, because the absence of a Greek fleet rendered them almost certain prey to the sultan's troops on the mainland. The Samians, however, persisted and laid siege to the citadel, then occupied by a Turkish garrison. The Turkish soldiers were driven out and the fortress reduced to ashes. Soon

EDHEM PASHA.
(Commander of the Turkish Troops in Thessaly.)

after an army of 7,000 Turks, with a host of fanatic volunteers, landed on the island. For weeks after the soldiers and the roving hordes of Ottomans slew, pillaged and tortured the inhabitants. In parts of the island the people took refuge in the moorasteries, but, notwithstanding, were slaughtered by thousands. Even the sick in hospitals were not spared. More than 23,000 men, women and children were killed, 5,000 escaped and 47,000 were sold into slavery and glutted the slave markets of Egypt, Constantinople and Tunis.

Edhem Pasha's parents were among the killed. He was sold to a Turkish general, Khosroo Pasha, who took him to Constantinople. His master gave him his liberty, and in 1831, with a number of other boys, he was sent to Paris to be educated. He entered the Institut Darbet, where he remained for four years. He evinced great industry and intelligence, and his teachers predicted for him a great future and brilliant career. After being graduated from this school with great honors he entered a school of mines, and four more years were spent in close application and study. After traveling through France, Germany and Switzerland he returned to Constantinople and was appointed a captain on the general staff of the Turkish army.

In 1849 the sultan made him his adjutant, and Edhem also became French instructor of the late Sultan Murad and of the present ruler, Abdul Hamid. Later a number of important political missions were intrusted to him. In 1856 he became a member of the council of state, and was then appointed minister of the interior, but resigned his portfolio after a year. In 1867 he became the minister of foreign affairs and represented his country at the court of Berlin. In 1877, upon the banishment of Midhat Pasha, he became grand vizier. In 1879 he was the Turkish ambassador at Vienna. From 1883 to 1885 he was again minister of the interior.

Edhem Pasha has always shown great hatred against foreigners and Christianity. At the peace conference at the end of the Russian-Turkish war he was the last of the Turkish ministers to give his consent to the cessation of hostilities. He has always been an enthusiastic Chauvinist. He is a zealous member of the Young Turkish party, which has proclaimed the doctrine of the greatness of Islam and Turkey for the Turks.

It is interesting to note, says the New York Sun, that Edhem's brother was for many years a Catholic priest in Constantinople, and died a few years ago.

A Roland for His Oliver.

Viscountess Sherbrooke, wife of Robert Lowe, was in the habit of saying whatever came into her mind at the moment. The French ambassador, one day, said to her, somewhat patronizingly: "You know, England is said to be a land of shopkeepers. I had no idea of finding such great military displays." "Ah!" she replied, "the people of different countries do not understand each other. Now, I have actually been under the impression that the French were a great military nation."—Chicago Chronicle.

POSTAL FACILITIES IN 1800.**A Business Letter's Slow Stages a Century Ago.**

In 1800 not only was the field of business enterprise restricted, but the transaction of business within that field was slow and difficult, says the Atlantic. The merchant kept his own books, or as we would have said, his own accounts; wrote all his letters with a quill and when they were written let the ink dry by sprinkling it with sand. There were then no envelopes, no postage stamps, no letter boxes in the streets, no collection of the mail. The letter written, the paper was carefully folded, sealed with wax or wafer, addressed and carried to the post office, where postage was prepaid at rates which would now seem extortionate. To send a letter which was a single sheet of paper, large or small, from Boston to New York or Philadelphia cost 1 1/2 and to Washington 25 cents; and this when the purchasing power of a cent was five times what it is at present. To carry a letter from Philadelphia, then the capital of the United States, to Boston and bring back an answer by return mail would have consumed from 12 to 15 days, according to the season of the year and weather.

Melting by Electricity.

Prof. Elihu Thompson, an eminent authority on electric metal-working, believes that there is no doubt whatever of the possibility of melting through masses of iron and steel of even considerable thickness, provided there is time enough to do it and sufficient current is available; but he thinks the paraphernalia which the burglar would have to carry along and have at his disposal for the attempted work would be a sufficient discouragement in itself, while the time required and the risk of discovery would be so great as to remove the operation from among the possibilities.

Accuracy of the Musical Ear.

An interesting instance of the accuracy with which music that has not been written can be transmitted through the ear and the voice is noted by Miss Alice C. Fletcher in her studies of the songs of the Omaha Indians. One of these songs was recorded by means of a phonograph, and it agreed in every particular with the same song as it had been heard and noted down 12 years before.

Strange Revenge.

J. A. Morris, the dead lottery king, was once blackballed by the New Orleans Jockey club. Smarting under the affront, he boasted he would one day make the Jockey club grounds a graveyard. When he got richer he secretly bought the property and carried out his threat. It is now one of the leading cemeteries of New Orleans.

—The regulation length for lead pencils is seven inches and three-eighths of an inch in thickness.

Marion Harland says:

"Lard unadulterated is less wholesome than vegetable oil, and absolutely pernicious to most stomachs."—National Cook Book.

Cooking experts and physicians unite in condemning lard for its indigestible and unhealthy qualities, and these same eminent authorities say

"Use COTTOLINE"

that pure, healthful vegetable food product. Containing only refined cotton-seed oil and choice beef suet, Cottoline is wholesome, nutritious, and easily digestible.

The genuine is sold everywhere in one to ten pound tins, with our trade-marks—"Cottoline" and "steer's head in cotton-plant wreath"—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, Montreal.

Mason & Hamlin Co.
are now offering**Unusual Bargains in Slightly Used Pianos.**

Also, closing out several old styles of

New Pianos!

at great reductions to make room for new stock.

136 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK

"STOCK" Signs 25 cents each. Kept in stock at all times for immediate shipment. Size 10x15 inches—"This place for sale," your name; "Trespass Notice," legal size, your name; "Keep off the grass," with stakes. G. F. HARDING, Sign Artist since 1890, Wurtsboro, N. Y.

B. F. GORDON,
Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, 56 North St., Middletown.**A BEAUTIFUL STOCK OF FIRST-CLASS GOODS NOT TRASH,**CONSISTING OF
Diamonds, Watches, Fine Jewelry, Novelties, Etc.

Each line full and complete. CLOSE and PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to Fine Watch Clock and Jewelry Repairing. Letter and Monogram Engraving in the very latest styles.

B. F. GORDON.**3 CENTS**

WILL BUY A

Paper of Garden Seeds.

The Usual Price is 5c.

I Am Selling Two for 5 Cts.

J. E. MILLS, Druggist

North St. Middletown.

Orders for COAL

LEFT AT

H. S. Dunsberry & Son's! No. 4 North St. Will Receive

Prompt Attention

CRANE & SWAYZE.

No. 11 to 19 Montgomery St.

Telephone 172—No. 4 North street.

152—No. 15 Montgomery street.

Grain, Flour Feed**Baled Hay and Straw.****C. J. EVERSON**

Nos. 4 and 6 King St.

Tompkins' New Store.**NO. 8 EAST MAIN STREET.****BARGAIN--The Word and Its Uses.**

The word "Bargain" is trite. So is every word and every subject that must be faced constantly; it has no good synonym. It is the best word in the language to describe merchandise that is offered below normal value.

No other Orange county business ever collected such quantities of as many sorts of superior goods at prices so curiously low.

We MUST tell you about them, therefore we MUST say "Bargains." Until you give us a better word it shall be "Bargains, Bargains," otherwise you won't know. Isn't that clear?

The Ribbon Sale.

You wonder where we find corners enough to stow away the reserves for each morning and the counter piled full as ever with the finest Ribbons of the year. But A. WAINING--The reserve stocks are near an end, and its only a question of a day or so when the close of this Greatest Ribbon Sale will be reached. There is a limit to selling fresh and elegant at a quarter, third or half their values.

This Week

There will be a lot more of those wide Black Satin Ribbons, wide Fancy Ribbons, wide Plain Satin Ribbons, in nearly every color, worth 25 to 30c. per yard, and 10c is the price marked on them.

Bargains in Flowers.

A big lot at 10c a spray; at 15c a spray a fine lot; some are imported silk roses, and any of them worth 25c.

Bargains in New Straw Hats and Shapes for Ladies

and children this week at 35c. Ladies' Sailors for 25c.

A Child's Sailor for 15c.**Others at 25c and 35c**

a spray, and when you see them you will know they are "Bargains."

Bargains in Ostrich Tips.

They are 10, 15 and 20c. Tompkins' price is 25c.

Bargains in Lawns,

Dainties and Organilles, 50 pieces of them for this week. They are 10c goods, and you can buy them for 6c at Tompkins'.

Bargains in Shirt Waists.

We have a 50c Waist and 35c is the price marked on it for this week.

Bargains in Dress Goods.

Come and see and you will say you never bought such bargains.

Bargains in Silks.

They are all new goods, and nice goods, and they are all Bargains.

TOMPKINS' NEW STORE,**No. 8 East Main Street, Middletown.**

DAILY ARGUS.

C. MACARDELL, JR.,

PUBLISHER.
GEORGE H. THOMPSON, EDITOR.
J. F. ROBINSON, CITY EDITOR.
A. E. NICKOLSON, CITY EDITOR.

Office 11 and 13 King St., Middletown.

ISSUED EVERY AFTERNOON, EXCEPT SUNDAY, AT 4 O'CLOCK.

Delivered by carriers to any part of this city and Goshen or mailed to any part of the United States.
TERMS:—1 month, 30 cents; 3 months, 90 cents; 6 months, \$1.75; 1 year, \$3.50.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY MERCURY

ISSUED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

TERMS:—\$1.50 Per Year, 75c. For Six Months

THE EXTENSIVE BONA-FIDE CIRCULATION of the Argus and Mercury makes them excellent advertising mediums. Being the only Democratic papers published in Middletown, they have a field exclusively their own. Rates on application.

OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, D. C. May 12.—Rain, to-night; clearing Thursday; cooler.

THE TEMPERATURE.

The following are the readings of the thermometer at Pratt's drug store, today:
7 a. m. 61°; 12 m. 70°; 3 p. m. 70°.

AMUSEMENT AND RECREATION.

May 10.—John Kendrick Bangs at 2d Presbyterian Church, under the auspices of the "Heart to Heart Circle of King's Daughters."

May 18.—Entertainment at First Presbyterian Church.

May 27.—"Comedy of Toys," benefit Ladies' Auxiliary of Y. M. C. A., at Casino.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1897.

The Albany Argus is very felicitous when it says: "People who don't like the new tariff bill are invited to wait till they buy goods under it, and see if it isn't just the dearest thing."

Ben Odell was slapped in the face, yesterday, by President McKinley, who turned down his candidate, Lew Goodsell, and gave the West Point post office to Miss Newlands. It was a case of the army against the politicians, and the army won, hands down, but it confirms the horrible suspicion which is finding lodgment in many a Republican's breast that Boss Odell isn't as big a man in Washington as he seems to be in his "destrick," and when faith in a boss's prestige is once shaken, his power begins to wane.

The Herald has made a poll of the Senate and announces that it finds a majority of the Senators opposed to the sugar schedule as prepared by the Republican members of the Finance Committee in the interest of the Sugar Trust. It must not be assumed from this showing that the schedule will be rejected. Before a vote is taken the minds of many Senators will be illumined by the persuasive arguments of the agents of the Trust and the Trust, as it always has done, will get just the kind of a duty that it wants.

The power and influence of the League of American Wheelmen are most conspicuously shown in the action of the Passenger Committee of the Trunk Line Association which, yesterday, decided to accept bicycles as baggage between States. The agitation of this matter was begun by the wheelmen seventeen months ago. In spite of the opposition of the railroads they got through the New York legislature, last year, the bill requiring railroads to transport bicycles as baggage and from that as a beginning the agitation has been continued until the railroads, submitting to the inevitable, have made concession after concession, until at last all restrictions have been removed and all the principal roads will hereafter carry wheels for passengers without extra charge.

The action of the Board of Education in ordering a draft for \$5 in favor of J. C. Mullison to reimburse him for the fine which he paid for beating a pupil seems like a most unwarrantable use of the people's money. It is of a piece with the action of the Water Commissioners in auditing a bill of \$15 for flowers placed on the coffin of the late Superintendent. Aside from the more than doubtful propriety of paying such a bill out of the public funds, such payment robs the floral tribute of all significance. Flowers sent to Mr. Van Duzer's funeral by the Water Commissioners at their own cost would have been a graceful and kindly recognition of personal and official worth, and would have been expressive of regret at the severance of personal and official ties, while flowers sent at public cost are worse than meaningless, a perfunctory contribution to outside show.

INSPECTION AND EXAMINATION.

Made by Dean Penny and Father Salley at St. Joseph's Church and Parochial School.

The Very Rev. Dean Penny, of Newburgh, and the Rev. Father Salley, of Port Jervis, yesterday afternoon and this morning, in the morning inspection at St. Joseph's church and the parochial school and conducted the examinations of the pupils of the school.

Dean Penny, Father Salley and Father McManis, the pastor of St. Joseph's, were appointed by the Archbishop as inspectors for this duty, which comprises the counties of Orange and Rockland. Father McManis, of course, took no part in the inspection of his own charge.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

THE CHAPMAN CASE.

Senator Allen's Proposition to Make Him Pledge Himself of Contempt.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Senator Allen precipitated an exciting discussion in the Senate by proposing a resolution that as a condition precedent to executive clemency in the Chapman case that Chapman be required to appear at the bar of the Senate and purge himself of contempt by answering the questions he refused to answer at the investigation.

GREEKS FLEE TO ARTA.

All the Greek Forces in Epirus Seek Safety in Flight.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 12.—The Turkish military commander at Janina telegraphs that all the Greek forces in Epirus have fled to Arta, abandoning large stores of ammunition.

The dispatch says seventy-nine Greeks were killed in the recent fighting.

AN ARMISTICE PROPOSED.

The Ambassadors of the Powers send a Collective Note to Turkey.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 12.—The ambassadors of the powers held another meeting, this morning, after which they presented a collective note proposing an armistice in view of negotiations for peace, which are now in progress.

TWO NEGROES LYNCHED.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 12.—A double lynching has occurred at Jeff, Ala. Both men were negroes.

OBITUARY.

Julia E. Manning.

Mrs. Julia E. Manning, wife of Walter Manning, died, this morning, at her home near Johnson, after a long and painful illness from cancer. She was a woman of much more than average intelligence, strong convictions and sincere religious feeling and exerted a marked influence for good in the community in which she lived.

The funeral will be held from her late residence Friday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

Mary C. Raymond.

Mary C. Raymond, daughter of the late Samuel E. Raymond, once a prominent citizen of Mount Hope, died in the Port Jervis hospital, Monday evening, in her twenty-ninth year. Miss Raymond had been ill for two weeks from abscess of the kidneys and an operation was performed on her, Saturday, but it afforded no relief.

The body was taken to Otisville, today, where funeral services were held. The interment was in the Plains Cemetery.

Mrs. Joseph C. Eager.

Mrs. Joseph C. Eager died very suddenly Tuesday morning at her home in the town of Hamptonsburgh, aged about sixty-five years. She had risen in her usual health and was preparing breakfast when she was prostrated by a stroke of apoplexy and died half an hour later. Mrs. Eager was a model wife and mother, a kind friend and a good neighbor and was loved and esteemed by all. She will be greatly missed and widely mourned. She is survived by her husband, a daughter, Carrie, and a son, Joseph, all at home.

Mrs. Lydia Francisco-Ketcham.

From Our Goshen Correspondent.

Mrs. Lydia Francisco, wife of Street Commissioner John A. Ketcham, died at her home on Montgomery street at 7:40 o'clock, this morning, of asthma, complicated with heart trouble.

She was born in Westtown and was about fifty-seven years old and has lived in Goshen over forty years. She was married to Mr. Ketcham thirty-two years ago. They had no children. She was a consistent member of the Goshen M. E. Church.

She is survived by her husband and one brother, David M. Francisco, a school teacher at Mechanicstown.

The funeral will be held at her late residence, Saturday, at 2 p. m. The interment will be at Phillipsburgh.

To Be Married This Evening.

Thos. O'Farrell, a well known O. and W. fireman, and Miss Minnie A. Herlihy, daughter of Mrs. Mary A. Herlihy, of Cottage street, will be married at 5 o'clock, this evening, at St. Joseph's Church. The nuptial mass will be celebrated by Rev. Father McManis.

PIMPLY
FACES

Pimples, blackheads, blotches, red, rough, dry, itching skin, due to impurities in the blood, are cured by Cuticura. It is the only remedy that purifies the blood and cures the skin. It is the only remedy that is safe for the face, neck, and body.

Cuticura

BLOOD HUMORS

Cures
Talk

"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language—of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people; have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scurvy, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver troubles, catarrh—cures which prove

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier

Hood's Pills

SCALDED BY ESCAPING STEAM.

The Night Engineer at the Electric Railway Power House Meets With a Painful Accident.

Night Engineer Robert Sparrow, of the Traction Company, was badly scalded, last night, while testing a boiler that was not in use. Steam at a pressure of forty pounds was admitted to the boiler to test the manhole gasket, which had been repacked.

The manhole is on top of the boiler. Mr. Sparrow was standing over it when it blew out and the escaping steam scalded him about the right eye and on the right arm.

Dr. Fancher dressed his wounds which while very painful are not considered serious.

Mr. Sparrow came here from Danbury where he occupied a position similar to his present one with the Danbury Electric Railway Company.

A GAME OF BASKET BALL.

The 24th's Team Going to Newburgh to Play the 10th's Team.

The basket ball team of the 24th Separate Company will go to Newburgh on the O. and W.'s 4:30 train, this afternoon, and will play a match game with the 10th Company's team, to-night. The members of the team are as follows:

Gould, C.; Shafer, R. C.; Faret, R. L.; Thompson, J. C.; Gausman, R. G.; Steedman, J. G.; Wengenroth, L. F. Substitutes—Millsap and Bannister.

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

Which is Better—Try and Experiment or Profit by a Middletown Citizen's Experience.

Something new is an experiment. Must be proven to be as represented. Be successful at home or you doubt it.

The statements of a manufacturer are not convincing proof of merit. But the endorsement of a rich friend is. Now, supposing you had a bad back. A lame, Weak or Aching one. Would you experiment on it?

You will read of many so-called cures. But they come from far-away places. It's different when the endorsement comes from home.

Easy to prove that it is so. Home endorsement is the proof that backs every box of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Read this case: Mr. C. R. Truesdale, No. 108 North street, says: "When you find out a good thing that would be of no loss to you if you should tell your friends, push it along in keeping with its merits. For four or five years my kidneys have bothered me. Pain in the lower part of the back and in one side proved this. It is possible it arose from a strain while lifting, because I frequently exert myself in that way. Often in the morning I could hardly get out of bed, my back was so painful and stiff. If I caught cold I was always worse, for it settled in my back. Stooping over or occupying any position that strained my back hurt me. I tried every remedy I knew about, and lots prescribed by friends. They were useless. I tried Doan's Kidney Pills, procuring them from J. E. Mills' drug store. They cured me. I never felt better in my life. Doan's Kidney Pills deserve all the credit for it. I shall do all I can to tell others of their merits and the personal benefit I have received."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

CARSON & TOWNER.
Household Goods.

We are offering splendid values—Table Linens at 25, 35, 45, 50, 75c, \$1, and up to \$1.65. Napkins at \$1, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2 and up to \$5. Towels, all linen, at 12½, 15, 20, 25c and up to \$1. Quilts, hemmed, ready for use, at 75c, \$1, 1.25, 1.50, 2 and up to \$5. Sheets, torn by hand and ironed, at 45 and 52c, which is less than you can buy the muslin. Pillow Cases at 12, 15, 20, 22c. Lace Curtains at 43, 75c, \$1, 1.25, 1.50, \$2 and up to \$12.

CARSON & TOWNER,

No. 11 West Main Street.

Telephone 166.



GREAT CLOTHING SALE!

We are offering special prices on Suits for men from \$4.50 up; also Extra Trousers and Boys' and Children's Suits at low prices. We will place on sale to-morrow (Friday), the finest line of Children's Blouse Suits in the city—something new and elegant. Underwear, Bicycle Hose and Bicycle Gloves, Gloves, dress and working, full stock. Fancy and Dress Shirts. We have something nice for bicyclists' use, also full stock of Belts.

MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT!

Is still rushed with orders. We carry a large stock of Suits, Overcoats and Trousers to select from. We carry the stock in Hats and Caps.

JOHN E. ADAMS,

Leading Hatter and Clothier, No. 41 North Street.

A Few Bargains

THE REMNANT STORE

114 North Street.

(OLD ECONOMY STORE.)

Fine Black Satine 12c, 25c quality.

Unbleached Drill 5c, 10 cent quality.

Turkey Red Calico 3c, 8 cent quality.

White India Linen 8c, 16 cent quality.

White Cambric 5c, 10 cent quality.

36 inch Percales 5½c, 12 cent quality.

Silk Gingham 7c, 15c quality.

Unbleached Muslin 3c, 5 cent quality.

Bleached Muslin 4½c, 7 cent quality.

Remnants of Plaids, Table Linens, White Checks, All Wool Suitings.

Smyrna Rugs 49, 69, 89c, \$1.39

A great stock of small wares at about half regular prices.

Call and see.

REMNAINT STORE,

114 North St., Middletown

Honest, Reliable Shoes at

LOWEST PRICES.

"The Hub" Shoe Store,

13 West Main Street.

Next to Carson & Towner's.

Men's Vici Kid and Russia

Calf Shoes \$3—as good as any

at \$4. Call and see them.

Men's Working Shoes \$1

and up.

WE ARE RIGHT IN IT NOW.

Our Millinery Department is in Full Bloom

Store is full of seasonable goods. We carry more stock than all of the stores put together and positively sell more than all put together. We have now in our Trimming Department six first-class milliners, and can turn out orders at short notice. Remember we have four stores, hence buy in large quantities, and certainly sell as low as honest goods can be sold.

Come to the reliable store of

L. STERN, 13-15 NORTH ST.

Capes, Ladies' and Children's Jackets in Large Quantities

HANFORD & HORTON.

IT WILL NOT EMPTY
YOUR
POCKET
BOOK

to buy Porch Screens, Hammocks, Croquet or other summer goods of us. Our prices are so low.

That Camera! Have you bought it yet? Call for catalogue of things Photographic.

Everything in Books and Stationery as usual.

Hanford & Horton,

No. 6 North St., Middletown.

LOOK

At Those \$5 and \$6 Suits

in our window; but don't stop there. Come in and examine them, and you can't help buying. They are great. Then probably we can sell you a

NOBBY HAT OR CAP

We have something new in a Ventilated Cap for bicyclists.

DON'T FORGET OUR

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.

Our Prices Start at \$16 for

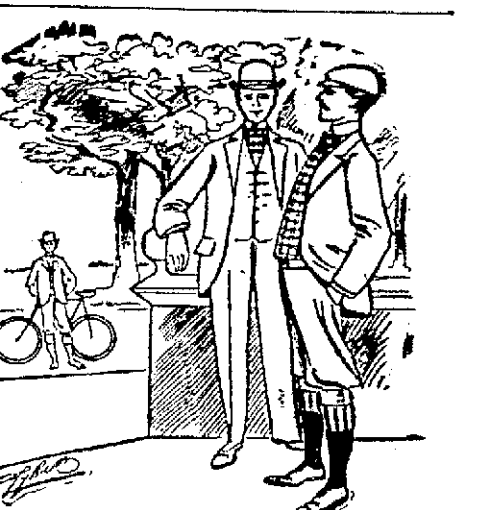
Suits and \$4 for Trousers

and advance as high as you wish to go. We are turning out first-class work in every respect.

GEO. W. YOUNG.

FEATHERS BOUGHT
or taken in exchange for work at the Steam Carpet Cleaning Works, corner Fulton and Sprague avenues. Telephone call 123.

E. H. GREGORY.

Wheelmen's
News.

We are the recognized leaders of clothing supplies for bicyclists. Our line of suits are stylish and serviceable, but not expensive.

Our leaders at \$3.50 and \$3.98 please all. A large variety of Sweaters and Flannel Shirts.

All wool Sweaters, with large collar, \$1. Golf Leggings or Stockings—a large variety, all wool, only 49 cents.

Bicycle Pants \$1.50 up. Nobby Plaid Golf Caps for wheelmen's use.

We make Clothing also.

Morris B. Wolf,

One Prices, 10 North St.

